moved to lay the whole matter on the table.

On this motion Mr. Holden demanded the yeas and nays, which being ordered, resulted, yeas 43, nays 73, as follows:

Yeas-Messrs. Arrington, Batchelor, Biggs, Brown, Bunting, Carson, Council, Cowan, Craige, Cuningham, Darden, Dillard, Durham, Foy, Fuller, Green, Grimes, Hargrove, Henkle, Hill, Howard, McDowell of Bladen, McNeill of Cumberland, McNeill of Har-nett, Moody, Mosely, Rayner, Reid, Rhodes, Royster, Shaw, Smith of Halifax, Southerland, Strong, Thornton, Tracy, Venable, Walton, Ward, Williams,

Nays-Messrs. Allison, Armfield, Badger, Barnes, Battle of Edgecombe, Battle of Wake, Berry, Brodnax, Bond, Calloway, Cannon, Christian, Davidson, Dick, Douthit, Eller, Ellison, Ferebee, Foster of Ashe, Foster of Randolph, Gilmer, Gorrell, Graham, Greenlee, Hamlin, Hearne, Headen, Hicks, Holden, Houston of Duplin, Houston of Union, Johnson of Gaston, Johnson of Mecklenburg, Jones of Caldwell, Jones of Rowan, Kittrell, Lander, Leake of Anson, Leake of Richmond, Long, Mann, Manning, McDowell of Burke, McDowell of Madison, Meares, Mebane, Merritt, Miller, Mitchell, Osborne, Patterson, Penland, Pettigrew, Phifer, Ruffin, Sanders, Satterthwaite, Smith of Johnston, Smith of Macon, Speed, Sprouse, Spruill of Bertie, Spruill of Tyrrell, Stewart, Thomas of Carteret, Turner, Warren, Washington, Whit-

ford, Wilson and Woodfin-73. On motion of Mr. Meares, the Convention adjourned to 11 o'clock to-morrow morning.

THE POINT OF HONOR. -The subjoined letter from Ex-President Buchanan was received at the office of the National Intelligencer a few days ago. A friend of the Ex-President's who happened to read the letter, and who teels much interested in the question of honor and duty which the letter incidentally but very strongly states, and thinking that the opinion of one who has served the country so conspicuously and so long might exert a salutary influence on the opinions of others, asked and obtained the consent of the distinguished writer to its publication, and it of the distinguished is published accordingly:
WHEATLAND, MAY 6, 1861.

To the Editors of the National Intelligencer.
Gentlimen: In the confusion of the times I have not received your tri-weekly numbers 9,157 and 9,-158, of April 27 and April 30, I believe. As yours is the only paper of which I preserve a file, I should feel greatly obliged if you would send me these

Several items in the Intelligencer have awakened my attention to the facility with which military gentlemen relieve themselves from their oaths and change their allegiance. A military oath has ever been held sacred in all ages and in all countries.-Besides the solemn sanctions of religion, there is superadded the highest appeal to personal honor.— Each military officer swears that he will bear true allegiance to the United States, and serve them honestly and faithfully against all their enemies and opposers whatsoever. They do not swear to support the Constitution of any State. Educated by the United States, they belong to the Federal Govern-ment in a peculiar sense. Whilst I can imagine why an officer might resign rather than shed the blood of citizens of his native State in war, yet it is difficult to excuse or palliate the next step, which is to go over to the enemy, and make war upon the ard, when he discharged the first gun against Fort Sumter, lighted a flame which it will require a long time to extinguish. The people of the North at present are enthusiastically unanimous. They never were aroused until that shot was fired. I often warned Southern gentlemen that this would be the inevitable result.

I enjoy good health, and as tranquil a spirit as impending over my country will permit. Your friend, very respectfully, JAMES BUCHANAN.

OFFICERS AND OFFICE-HOLDERS .- Now that we are about organizing a new and permanent Government, we would like to indulge in some plain talk about offices and office-holders, but as it might and no doubt would offend some of those who want to hold the offices, and would get us no thanks from those we design to benefit (for experience has satisfied us that a scheming demagogue can easily get up a hue and cry among the people against those who oppose him) we will merely remark at this time that as few offices as possible ought to be created, and the best men in the country ought to be selected to fill them
—business men, men who do not want them solely for the purpose of procuring a livelihood, men who will do right without regard to the chances of a re-We must have an economical Government, and in order to have such an one, let us select good straight-forward business men to assist in administering it, whether they be lawyers, farmers, doctors, mechanics or merchants. Let the trading, scheming politicians lie low for a while at least .-Let us try some new men, and don't let us impose all the honors on one man. We are striking at no particular individual, but intend our remarks to have

general bearing .- Charlotte Democrat. We fear that our friend of the Democrat will be indicted for treason if he goes on in the above sensible and patriotic style.—Fay. Observer.]

NOTICE.

RANAWAY FROM THE SURSCRIBER, HIS SON, FRANCIS M. NORWOOD, about the 20th of April. He is about 14 years of age, of tair complexion, and light hair. He left me without any good cause, and, as I am anxious to get him home, I will compensate any person who will deliver him to me, or give me information of his whereabouts, so I can get him. I hereby forewarn all persons from employing or harboring him, under a strict penalty of the law made for such offences.

Address me at Fish Dam, Wake county, N. C.

DAVID NORWOOD.

May 14, 1861.

May 14, 1861. 20—w41.

FARMERS AND MILL OWNERS. AGRICULTURAL HEADQUARTERS OF THE NORTH-CAROLINA FOUNDRY & MACHINE WORKS.

SALISBURY, N. C.

FRERCKS & RAEDER, SUCCESSORS TO N. BOYDEN & SON. Manufacturers of Agricultural Implements.

CULTIVATORS, PLOWS, CORN-SHELLERS, SEED-SOWERS, HORSE-POWERS & THRASHERS. The celebrated Telegraph Cutting Machine for FODDER, HAY, STALKS, OATS AND SHUCKS,

Being the first Premium Machine of the Fairs of North and South-Carolina.

THRASHING AND WINNOWING MACHINES, CIDER AND SUGAR MILLS, SHAFTING AND MACHINERY FOR GRIST. CIRCULAR AND VERTICAL SAW

MILLS, GOLD, COPER AND SILVER MINES. Manufacturers of and Agents for Dr. E. O. Elliott's PATENT MULAY SAW MILL AND WATERWHEELS.

Plantation and County Rights for sale of . W. T. & C. E. STUART'S PATENT DOUBLE ACTING HAY OR COTTON PRESS. Iron and Brass Casting, Forcings, and Finished Work of

every Description. TOBACCO PRESSES AND FIXTURES,

And other Kinds of Machinery Repaired at Short Notice 11-wtJanl. March 12, 1861.

CLARK & TURLINGTON,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
Wilmington N. C.,
WILL GIVE SPECIAL ATTENTION TO ALL Cotton, Naval Stores, Flour, Bacon,

Timber, &c., &c.,
and other country produce, either for sale or shipment.

My Wharf and Warehouses being conveniently located for the reception of produce either by Bailroad or River, enables me to make my charges light. Also, regular dealers in

Lime, Plaster, Cement, Hair, &c.,
Refers to H. A. SAVAGE,
Cashier Bank of Cape Fear, Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN DAWSON,
President Wilmington Branch Bank of N. C.
Cash er Raleigh Branch Bank of Cape Fear,
November 15, 1860.

Meekly

RALEIGH, N. C., WED NESDAY, MAY 29, 1861.

WHOLE NUMBER 1365.

Morth-Carolina Standard

Vol. XXVII.—No. 22.

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY-Two Dollars per annum avariably in advance.
TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY—Four Dollars pe mnum, invariably in advance.
TERMS OF THE WEEKLY TO CLUBS:

All papers are discontinued at the expiration of the time for which they have been paid.

Terms of Advertising in Semi-Weekly Standard Our regular rates of advertising are as follows:
One square, (14 lines or less) first insertion, - \$1 00
Each subsequent insertion.

regular rates, for six or twelve months, and at the close of the contract 381/2 per cent. will be deducted from the gross

Terms of Advertising in Weekly Standard. Terms of Advertising in Weekly Standard.
One dollar per square for the first insertion, and twentyfive cents for each subsequent insertion. No deduction will
be made on Weekly advertisements, no matter how long they
may run. Only a limited number of advertisements will be
admitted into the Weekly. All advertisements, not otherwise directed, are inserted in the Semi-Weekly, and charg
ed accordingly. When the number of insertions is nomarked on the advertisement it is inserted until forbid.

Money sent us by mail is at our risk.

The Standard.

RALEIGH: SATURDAY, MAY 25, 1861.

The Convention, Thursday. The morning hour was occupied in the introduction of a number of ordinances and propositions for amendments to the Constitution in relation to the subjects of taxation, and the qualifications for holding civil offices in the State; and by several resolutions of enquiry in regard to the military affairs of the State, the number of troops reported and accepted, commissions issued, expenses, appointments to military positions, &c., &c., which were laid on the table, to be considered in secret session.

The committee to whom was referred the ordinance providing for the adoption of the Confederate States' Constitution, reported an ordinance for that purpose, which, together with a substitute offered by Mr. Craige, and amendment by Mr. Dick submitting the question to the people, was ordered to be printed.

After adopting a resolution to begin the daily sessions at 10 o'clock, the Convention went into secret session, at 12:30 p. m.

War Rumors.

Our City and country readers will do well to guard ss excitement, originating in se war rumors. A rumor has been circulated upor our streets, that dispatches had been received from Gov. Letcher of Virginia by our authorities, making a requisition for all the available force of the State immediately, and that Richmond was menaced by the landing of 1500 federal troops at the head of York river, 17 miles of the city; and further that Norfolk was threatened by an immense body of Northern troops. It is doubtless true that a request has been made by Virginia for all our available force to be forwarded as soon as possible. In obedience to this request, in addition to the first regiment which left on Tuesday last, another regiment left this city for Virginia on Thursday morning, and it is probable the second regiment has been ordered off from Garysburg. Other troops will doubtless be needed from this State, and we are sure any number required will be forthcoming, so soon as they can obtain the necessary equipments.

But it is not true that Richmond has been men aced, as we are informed by a gentleman just from that city. No troops have been landed or attempted to be landed at the head of York river. Nor has there been an attempt to land troops at or near Norfolk, except in the early part of this week, when a supposed attempt was made by armed vessels from Fortress Monroe, at the mouth of Nansemond river, which however were readily bluffed off, by the active operations of the batteries at that point. So far as we can ascertain, Norfolk is well protected, and the troops there, which will be augmented as it becomes necessary, are ready for the in-

We intend to keep our readers fully advised of every movement of the enemy, from reliable sources. With the exception of the attack upon the battery at Sewell's Point, an account of which will be found in this and the last issues, no collision has taken place, except a small brush at the retaking by the Federal troops of the Smith's Point Light, in which we believe no blood was shed. The affair at Sewell's Point is highly creditable to our troops.

TROOPS COMING AND GOING .- The Rough and Ready Guards from Buncombe county, Z. B. Vance, 105 strong, arrived on Tuesday and went into camp at Burke Grove. On Wednesday, the Madison Rangers, Capt. Peak, 78 men, and the Haywood Rangers, Capt. Robert Love, 98 men, arrived and went into Camp at the Fair Grounds.

Four Companies left for Richmond on Thursday morning, viz: Cleveland Guards, Capt. Fuller; Lumberton Guards, Capt. Norment; Duplin Rifles, Capt. Keenan; and the Catawba Rifles, Capt. Gray.

The following left for the camp at Weldon and Garysburg by the same train, viz: Cleveland Blues, Capt. Dickinson; Columbus Guards, Capt. Ellis; Randlesburg Rifles, Capt. Erwin; Thomasville Rifles, Capt. Miller; and the Yanceyville Grays, Cant. Graves.

These Companies are composed of the material that good soldiers are made of, and we haven't a shade of doubt, that when they engage the enemy they will acquit themselves bravely and to the honor their good old mother State. May success and honor attend them to the field, and a happy greeting of wives, sweethearts and friends await them on their

Suspensions. - We are pained to see that the exigencies forced upon us by the war, have compelled a number of the newspapers of this State to suspend. The Asheville Spectator, Kinston American Advocate, Wilson Ledge Wilmington Herald, and the North-Carolina Charlis Advacate, are among the

Powner -It is stated by a correspondent of the Charleston Courier, that there are two good powder mills at work in Pickens District in South-Carolina.

The Raleigh Register.

The Editor of this once respectable and conservative journal issued an extra on Monday last, the first day of the Convention, and had copies laid on the desks of members. This extra contained among other things a low personal attack on us. We perceived its object at once, to wit, to secure the printing of the Convention. Sure enough on Tuesday the State Journal was repudiated, and the Register was elected Convention printer. We had the pleasure of voting against both of them, and in doing so we entertain no doubt we represented a large majority of our constituents.

Our prediction made in an address or circular to the people of Wake on the 11th instant, has proved true. We then said the Editor of the Register is "anxious to signalize himself in his new position by an extra display of zeal, and the height of his ambition now is to supplant John Spelman as the mouthpiece of the Squad referred to." Well, the ambition of the Register is gratified. Happy Register !- unhappy Spelman!

The coarse attack made by the Register on us, to which we have referred, was based on an article in the Standard of the 18th, deprecating party spirit in this crisis, and urging true men to perform their whole duty to the country, notwithstanding the effects of party spirit thus referred to and deplored .-The Register pretends to believe that our article was "designed to make mischief," and "calculated to produce disaffection in the ranks of the soldiers." Malice, and nothing else, led the Editor to this conclusion. We wrote that article deliberately, and we stand to it. It is true. The object we had in view in penning it was a good one, and we are not surprised, therefore, that the Register does not appreciate the article or its object.

Our amiable cotemporary is pleased to regard us as unworthy of his notice as a gentleman, because in response to a polite intimation from him, we refused to recognize the "code of honor." This assumption on his part is well understood here. We can afford to regard this assumption and the man who makes it, with calm scorn. True courage consists in performing one's duty faithfully and fearlessly, without regard to consequences; and the fact that a man fights a duel, or says he will fight one, unless arrested, or unless the difficulty is "amicably arranged," gives him no right to put on airs and assume to be braver or better than other people. But for our position as a public journalist, the Editor would "in future decline to take any sort of notice of" us, "after what has recently taken place between" him and us! Verily, as Mr. Van Buren once said, "our sufferings is intolerable." But we trust we shall be able to bear them, and in doing so we take leave to say to our amiable cotemporary that we are his superior in political position, his equal as a gentleman, and that our moral character is at least as good as his. We take leave also to inform our amiable neighbor-whose benignant disposition would thaw an iceberg in January, and who uniformly considers himself patriotic when he is only bilious-that on the 13th of May, 1861, we were elected to the Convention from Wake County by just five majority .-We will also add, that if the Convention elected in February had been held, we should, according to promise, have voted for our cotemporary for Convention printer; but that the sudden and most eccentric somersault performed by our cotemporary between February and May, placed it out of our power to do so on Tuesday last.

State Troops. We cull from the papers the following items of

information. We should be obliged to our friends, if they would furnish us a correct list of all the companies raised in each County of the State, the officers and number of privates in each, and the amount raised in each County for war purposes:

OLD SAMPSON.—The magistrates of Sampson Co. have authorized a subscription of \$35,000 to support the war; which in addition to a private subscription of \$15,000, makes \$50,000 for the County. CUMBERLAND. - The Justices of this County have resolved to appropriate \$24,000 towards the war, for equipping soldiers and supporting their families.

STARLY.—A fine company has been enrolled in

this County, and others will follow. Rowan, —An additional company has been raise in Rowan, called the "Scotch Ireland Grays."

RICHMOND.—A company has been formed in this County, commanded by Capt. L. H. Webb. Also, a "Home Guard," under Capt. Jas. P. Leak. Anson.—A second company has been formed in this County—W. F. Haillee, Capt. Col. Carraway

is raising another.

Монтоомену.—This County has a company near ly ready.

GREENE.-A company from this County, arrived t the camp at Goldsborough, last week. FORSYTHE has two companies encamped at Win

ton and Salem, drilling.

Granville.—This County has two companies in the field, and three more will soon be ready. HALIPAX.—This County has over 300 volunteer

CAMP AT GARYSBURG.—This camp is now co posed of seven companies. Col. Pender is in command. Three of the companies are commanded by such men as Hon. Thomas Settle, Hon. Alfred M. Scales, and Thos. Ruffin, Jr., Esq., from Alamance. CAMP AT WELDON .- There are four companies at

Weldon. Capt. Paul Faison has command.

PRAYER AND FASTING .- The last Biblical Recorder urges upon the Baptists of the State the propriety and necessity of observing the first and second days of June, as days of humiliation and prayer, according to the reccommendation of the Southern Baptist Convention. A week or two ago, the N. C. Christsan Advocate called upon the Methodists of the State to adopt regular and stated periods for prayer and fasting. Sinner as we are, we nevertheless believe in prayer. Events the most solemn and possibly overwhelming in their consequences, are at our doors. While our troops rush to the field to repel the invader, let Christians pray.

Dr. Norwood.-This excellent Minister of the Episcopal Church, a North-Carolinian, officiating at Georgetown, D. C., has refused to use the usual prayer for the President, since the proclamation. It leved he will resign his charge.

OOR MARYLAND.-We sympathize deeply with e citizens of Maryland. Lincoln, not content with artering foreign mercenaries upon them to awe them into subjection, and arresting her citizens, adds insult to injury. Mr. Cameron, Secretary of War. said the other day, "they must be either citizens or subjects." Can freemen brook that?

COMPLIMENTS.-The Fayetteville Light Infantry before leaving the camp at this place, passed a vote of thanks to a number of the ladies of this City, for their kind attention during their sojourn.

FIRST REGIMENT.—The Petersburg Express, noticing the arrival of the First North Carolina regiment in that city says: "without drawing invidious distinctions, we must say that this is the best equipped Regiment which has yet made its route through our city. Everything seems to have been provided for them that a soldier could desire-arms, accoutrements, knapsacks, haversacks, canteens-in fact, nothing is wanting."

Standard.

Southern Funds. - The New York Day Book says Southern funds are looking up in that city. North and South-Carolina money can be sold now at fifteen per cent., Virginia at twelve, and New Orleans

ALABANA,-Rev. Dr. Pinckney, of Washington City, has been elected Bishop of the Diocese of Alabama, by the Convention.

MARK HIM.-Col. Henry L. Scott, who has been recently appointed Inspector General at Washington City, we believe is a North-Carolinian. How many others shall be put on the black roll?

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT.—Hon. Mr. Regan, Post Master General of the Confederate States, has issued his proclamation, stating that he will take the control of mail matters on the first of June. His proclamation is excluded by the Convention proceedings.

Several subjects of importance are engaging the attention of the Convention, and it is probable that this body will remain in session longer than was anticipated by many, where it assembled.

IMPORTANT .- The Richmond Examiner says :-Gen. Jos. T. Johnston has been assigned to the command at Harper's Ferry. Gen. Beauregard to the command at Norfolk. President Davis will be in Richmond in a few days.

We invite the attention of the people of the State to the Ordinance of Separation in our paper to-day, which was drawn up and presented by Mr. Badger, but rejected by the Convention. We regret that this admirable State paper was not adopted,

THE UNIVERSITY.-The last catalogue of the University, numbers 87 in the senior class. The war has greatly reduced the number. Of the whole number of 376 students during the year, 221 are of North-Carolina, 26 of Mississippi, 26 of Tennessee, 22 of Louisiana, 19 of Alabama, 17 of Georgia, 15 of South-Carolina, 10 of Texas, 5 of Florida, 4 of Virginia, 3 of Arkansas, 2 of Missouri, 2 of New Mexico, 1 each of California, Iowa, Kentucky and

Beauport.-The Washington Grays, commanded by Capt. Thomas Sparrow left Washington on Monday for the sea-coast. They will do their duty. D. M. Carter, Esq. also commands a fine company in that town, nearly ready to march.

Pirr.-This County has raised over 300 troops and the County appropriates \$25,000 to supply their necessities and support their families.

A CAPTURE.—The ship Thomas Watson of New York, laden with provisions, and believed to be a government transport vessel, was captured by our troops at Smithville, on the Frying Pan Shoals last week, and brought to Smithville.

RIGHT VIEWS .- We sincerely admire the candor and honesty of the following sentiments of the Wilmington Journal and most heartily subscribe to them. If all parties in the State, in official or unofficial positions, will show by their acts that they are governed solely by such principles. North-Carolina will not only be a unit in prosecuting the war, but one in heart and feeling and purpose, to die together in the last ditch in her defence :

"We beg respectfully to urge upon the powers that be at Raleigh—upon the Advisory board, upon any body and every body who may have anything to do with appointments connected with the military service of the State, to exercise the utmost care—to yield to no pressure—to look forward to no political, or personal or clique advantages, in the bestowal of ences at work may be, so they be rightly used, and they must be used with the highest discretion and disinterestedness, or the consequences will be, if not disastrous, certainly discouraging and injurious."

To the Friends and Patrons of the North-Carolina Christian Advocate.

The undersigned has been requested by the Publishing Committee of the Advocate, to make the following publication:

In January 1860, the Publishing Committee entered into an agreement with Rev. Rufus T. Heffin, D. D. to publish the N. C. Christian Advocate on his own pecuniary responsibility; Mr. Heffin to pay all its liabilities and to receive all its profits, with-

out recourse to said Committee. The Publishing Committee met in the city of Raleigh on the the 20th instant, when Mr. Heflin notified them, that in view of the responsibilities al-

ready incurred and the embarrassed state of the counry, he desired to resign his position and close the existing contract; whereupon the Committee unanimously

Resolved, That we accept the resignation of Rev.

R. T. Heflin, D. D. as Editor, and do release him from all pecuniary obligation, from this date. The Committee after due consideration and co

sel, unanimously

Resolved, That we suspend the publication of the Advocate for the present, with the intention that its publication shall be resumed, so soon as the state of the country will justify it.

The Committee authorize the undersigned to assure the subscribers of the Advocate, that a correct list of the subscribers names will be preserved, and that so soon as in the judgment of the undersigned it can be done without pecuniary risk to the Committee, he is authorized to resume the publication of the paper, and to supply the aforesaid subscribers to the full amount of their subscriptions. The paper is therefore suspended temporarily, sole-

ly because its weekly receipts did not meet its weekly expenses, and the Committee did not feel authoriz-ed to assume responsibilities for the Conference. Now, therefore, to the end that this important interest of the Church may be speedily revived, I hereby urge and invite a free correspondence with all the friends of the Adeccate, both in the ministry

and laity, and do pledge myself to resume its pub-lication so soon as a sufficient amount in new cash subscribers and donations shall be pledged to justify me in the undertaking. Dr. Heffin being anxious to meet his obligations as soon as possible, requests me to urge all persons who are in debt to the Advocate office in any way, to forward to me at this place, immediately, the several amounts due by them. All who desire to

correspond directly with Dr. Heflin, will address him at Franklinton, N. C. Late Associate Editor of the Advocats. We respectfully beg editors with whom we have exchanged, to give the above one insertion, at an early day, and request that they discontinue their exchanges for the present.

We glean the following items from the Virginia

Harper's Ferry, it is thought by some will not ow be attacked. Gen Scott has said that 60,000 men are needed along the banks of the Ohio; hence the concentration of troops in that direction.

Fortress Monroe will be reinforced in a few days, making there 15,000 men. Gen. Wooll has been appointed in command. Troops from the Fort are gradually advancing upon and occupying the farms about Hampton, and it is intimated that this will be one of the avenues to Richmond A new military department has been made of

Virginia, lying South of James river, North-Carolina and Tennessee, and Gen. Butler, of Mass., has been appointed to the command. Arrests continue to be made at Washington city of those who sympathize with the South.

It is stated as a fact, that Lincoln had ventured ont so far as to reconnoitre Arlington Heights.

A letter-writer in a New York paper, says: "It is not unlikely that the occupation by Federal troops

of a strip of country between York and James river, as high up as Yorktown will take place. The dis tance across is ten miles, and whoever occupies i

GENERAL NEWS.

RESIGNATION.—The last arrival from California ings intelligence of the resignation of General A. Johnson, one of the most skilful and accomplished officers in the U. S. army. He is a native of Kentucky, but was appointed from Texas.

ARTILLERY. - A regiment of artillery 475 strong, with thirty six field pieces and 144 horses, were to leave New Orleans on the 20th inst., for Virginia. Many of the artillerists were highly efficient in the

It is stated in the New York Herald's Washington correspondence that President Lincoln has notified the foreign diplomatic corps that if any Euro-pean power shall receive any Commissioner or Min-ister from the Confederate States, all intercourse with such power will be broken off, and the Minister representing it at Washington dismissed! Sure-ly, John Bull and Louis Napoleon will grow scared when they hear that!

THE PANHANDLE.—The Convention composed of delegates from twenty-five counties of North-western Virginia, held in Wheeling recently, creates but little uneasiness. The infamous Carlile could effect nothing in his attempts to divide the State. The Convention passed resolutions against the secession ordinance of the State, also to call another Convention 11th of June, and adjourned, sine die.

TEXAS.—The remaining federal troops in Texas have surrendered to Col. Van Dorn.

PESTILENCE.-Fears are entertained at Washington City of a pestilence among the troops. It would be a wonder, if they did not breed both pestilence

Superior Court.-In Cumberland special term, Judge Saunders presiding, Hardy Barnes of Robeson was convicted of the murder of Abby Rhodes, and sentenced to be to be hung on the 21st June. SUPERIOR COURT.-The Spring Term of Mecklen

burg Superior Court is in session this week-Judge French presiding. This is the first trip of Judge French on a Western Circuit, and we are pleased to isfied with his manner of doing business. By his courteous and kind deportment, and energy of character, he has shown himself to be not only a gentleman but a just and competent Judge. - Charlotte

MILITARY CAPS. -Miss Sallie Pool, of this place, is manufacturing Military and Citizen Caps of a very handsome style. The Home Guard, the Rowan Ar-tillery and Mr. Fisher's Regiment, will all be furnished with caps manufactured by ladies of this place. They are made almost entirely of goods manufactured in the State.

The Caps are well made and furnished at a low rate. Orders sent to J. H. Ennis or to Miss Sallie Pool, will receive early attention. - Salisbury Watch-

FRANKFORT, Ky., May 21.-Gov. Magoffin has issued his proclamation notifying and warning all other States, separate or United, especially the United and Confederate States, solemnly forbidding them against any movement upon Kentucky for any purpose whatever, until authorized, by permission from the

Hon, H. G. Brown, late United States Senator, is in command of one of the Mississippi companies. LOUISIANA TROOPS.-About five hundred troops

from Louisiana passed through Lynchburg Saturday, on route for Richmond, where the balance of their Regiment are encamped. BAPTIST CONVENTION. - The Southers Emptist Convention met in Savannah, Ga., on the 10th Irist.
Dr. Fuller of Baltimore presided. He was the only delegate from Maryland Rev. Mesers. Pitchard and Ivey were the only delegates present from their

PRESBYTERIAN ASSEMBLY.—The Presbyterian Gen-

eral Assembly (0. S.) met in Philadelphia on the The delegations from the Northern States were numerous, but there were none from North-Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Arkansas

or Texas. Only one Presbytery was represented

from Virginia, one from Missouri, two from Ten-nessee and three from Kentucky. WRECKS.-We learn that several vessels have recently been wrecked on our coast, owing to the extinguishment of the lights. Perhaps if our wreckers

keep a sharp eye the State will profit by the block-SOUTHERN CAPITOL:-It is announced that the Congress of the Confederate States, by a vote of that body, will be removed to Richmond Va. in a

Hung.-Glover, convicted of the murder of his wife, was hung at Greensboro, on Friday last. A large concourse of both sexes and colors, were present. The Times says, "The Revs. J. H. Smith and L. L. Hendren ac

companied the culprit to the gallows and gave him Spiritual counsel and prayed with him. He denied to the last the intention of killing his wife, and al leged it was accidental."

ARMS.—The Nashville Banner states that by ar arrival at New Orleans from Europe, the Confed States have received 250,000 stand of arms. ANDY JOHNSON. - An exchange speaking of Sens.

tor Johnson of Tennessee, says:
The man "who was once the idol of his State, is now hissed and hooted, despised and disgraced wherever he goes; a fate which he truly des and which awaits all who speak and act against their home and country."

FANCY BRANCHES.-A correspondent of the Wades ooro' Argus says: "There is a great rush for apointments from the Governor to fancy branches he service- for berths as aids, &c. In the medical department there are over eight hundred applica-

General Doniphan, who distinguished himself in the Mexican war, is on the stump in Missouri, in

NORTH CAROLINA. - The Richmond Dispatch says: We understand that the North Carolina Regiment, encamped near this city, had a lively and joyous demonstration yesterday over the news that the Convention of their State, had passed an Ordi-nance of Secession. Nine cheers for the Old North

PRINTER'S INK.—Messrs. Taylor and Hargrove have established a factory for printer's ink, in Richmond. Va. mond, Va

brebasta out

Por the Standard.

EPISCOPAL CONVENTION.

The forty fifth amoust Convention of the Protestant Episcopal Church in the Diocess of North-Oarolina, appointed to be held in Christ Church, Newbern, on the third Wednesday in May, but the meeting of which was postponed, will be held in Grace Church, Morganton, on the second Westernday in July, 1861, being the tenth day of that month.

Bishop of the Discuss of North-Ouroline.

Ms. Enron: At May term of Surry County Court an appropriation of \$20,000 was made for the equipping of the volunteer companies that have been or may be raised in the County, and for the support of their families. Surry will not falter in the hour of trial.

Important from the Blockading Squadron!—The Monticello Badly Damaged—Six Men Killed—Several Wounded—"Somebody Hurt" at last!
NORFOLK, May 20.—Between 1500 and 2000 Confederate troops were concentrated at Sewell's Point last night, but the Yankee mercenaries did not re-

turn, as apprehended, and our men, who were actually eager for the fray, had nothing to do.

The steamer West Point, Captain Rowe; belonging to the York River Railroad line, left the Railroad wharf at Portamouth to-day under a flag of truce, to visit the Federal fleet off Old Point Comfort, for the purpose of carrying to that destination all the women and children who desire to join their Northern friends. The steamer was accompanied by Capt. Thos. T. Hunter, commander of the Vir-

ginia Navy.

The families of the following, among other persons, left in the steamer:

James Hepenstall, L. T. Barnard, J. Lucas, Geo.
Richard Boush, John Harbonner, Joseph D. Knapp,
Thomas Nelson, Robert Gill, John Butler, W. H.

Lewis and James H. Hardwick. The West Point having accomplished its mission.

Captain Hunter reports the Monticello as having fared very badly in her engagement with our battery at Sewell's Point yesterday. The boat is seriously damaged in both hull and machinery, and it is thought that it will be some time before she can indulge in another bombardment.

Six men were killed on board, and several badly I have been unable to learn the names of the killed, or the extent of the injuries of the maimed .-

'Somebody hurt" at last. ALEXANDRIA, May 20.—About 1 o'clock to-day, a steamer from Washington was observed to convey some intelligence to the Pawnee, whereupon the latter immediately lowered her ensign to half-mast.— This fact gave rise to the rumor that Senator Douglas was dead. Many at first supposed it was Gen. Scott. It has since been ascertained, however, that the flag was lowered at half mast in honor of Col. Vosboy, of the New York 71st Regiment, who died in Washington this morning. One of the Col. Ellsworth s "Pet Lambs," in dis-

guise, was arrested to-day, and is now under guard, awaiting an examination.

The Washington Star has the particulars of an

attack on the grounded coast guard of the U.S. steamer stationed at the mouth of the Potomac, by a propeller from Richmond. It is reported that four of the U. S. soldiers were killed and five wounded. The former was brought to Ft. Washington. A steamer had started in pursuit of the propeller.

Two More Shots at the Sewell's Point Battery. NORFOLK, May 21 .- The Yankee Government steamship Monticello came up to Sewell's Pointagain to-day, and fired twice at the battery. The shots were promptly answered with guns of larger calibre than those used in the first engagement. Finding her situation somewhat dangerous, the Monticello forthwith steamed away. It is supposed that she

Two Days Later from Europe. Sr. Johns, May 20.—The steamship Persia has arrived, with Liverpool dates to the 11th of May .-It is asserted, but not believed, that letters of marque, ed to vessels at Liverpool and London. Lord Derby expressed the hope in the House of Lords that the forthcoming government proclamation would give warning that if Englishmen join privateers, their blood would be upon their own heads, The London Times says, the mediation of England had as well be offered to a hurricane as to the United States.

Later from Europe. FARTHER POINT, May 20 .-- The steamship Canadian, from Liverpool, with dates to the 9th of May

arrived to day.

American affairs were the prominent subjects of comment in England. The matter had been introduced into the House

of Commons. Motions relating to belligerent rights and the recognition of the Southern Confederacy had been postponed. Lord Palmerston stating that discussion of the subject was untimely. Active preparations were in progress to send a

powerful British squadron to the American coast. The French Chamber of Commerce has represented to the Government the necessity for a like measure of protection to French vessels.

Near Rolesville, the 20th inst., by W. D. Jones, Esq., Mr. J. J. Sanderford, to Miss Martha R. Wall, daughter of Willie Wall, all of Wake County.

City papers please copy.

STRAVED OFF STEATED PROFEST // ANA DE LEGISLA LARS to any one to put up said Mule, and inform me of the same, or TEN DULLARS if delivered to me here.

W. H. HOLLEMAN.

Raleigh, N. C., May 23, 1861.

GEORGE L. WILD,
WARRENTON, N. C.
RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS SER-RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS SERvices to the citizens of Baleigh and vicinity as a Tuner and Repairer of Pianes, wherein ten years experience safely enables him to guarantee satisfaction. All communications directed to Warrenton will receive prompt attention.

Refers to Rev. Aldert Smedes, and Prof. G. P. Hansen, of St. Mary's College, and Mr. W. J. Palmer, of Deaf, Damb and Blind Asylum, Raleigh, N. C.; E. E. Parham, J. Wilcox and Prof. C. H. Kehr, Warrenton; and J. H. Mills, Jos. H. Gooch and Dr. S. A. Williams, Oxford, N. C. Jan. 5, 1861.

DUFFY'S TONIC MIXTURE

Cure of Ague and Pevere

THERE IS NO DISEASE TO WHICH THE RUMAN
body is liable so universal, so dreads or so grants
ly fatal, as Fever: it appears in different countries and
climates, under different types and characters; in this
country, where its annual return is tooked for with anxiety
and apprehension, it usually assumes the billious type.

Another species of fever prevalent here, and which, it
may be said, never leaved or subsides altogether, is the Autumnal Infermittent, or 'Ague and Fever, which, if not
so fatal, yet is very distressing. Its characters, effects, and
consequences, are peculiar: to a diminished energy of the
nervous system are to be ascribed the languor, lassitude,
and general prostration which characterizes its invasion;
to which might be added the derangement of the mixed
functions of the liver, stomach, and intestinal canal. It is,
therefore, quite manifest—in fact, it is well known, that
Ague and Fever lay the basis of consumption of the lungs,
chronic affection of the liver and spices, dyspeptia, and
not unfrequently dropay; and when once this state of the
viscera becomes established, there is a constant tendency
to relapse, even farm slight causes, and when thus complicated with those constitutional diseases their freatment
and cure becomes more difficult.

Common sense teaches, that the cure of Ague and Fever
consists in abortening the duration of the paragyan and
preventing its return. The first is whe accomplished by Cure of Ague and Pevere

nd cure becomes more difficult.

Common sense teaches, that the cure of Ague and Fever consists in shortening the duration of the paraxyam and preventing its return. The first is to be accomplished by depleting the bowels, relaxing the skin, &c; the second, by the primpt application of such medicines is are calculated to restore, the deranged functions and give healthy tone to the nervous system.

The Tonic Mixture now offered possesses all the qualifies requisite to effect the second indication. The first dose renerally checks the discuse, and one buttle never falls to effect a cure; a healthy resting takes place, the appetite is restored, the system because invigorated, and the patient begins to feel surprised at the rapid transition from a state of morbid suffering to that of progressive recovery. These effects have been experienced by all who have used it, which could be shown by numerous techniques.

Newbern, N. C., Qct. 15, 1860.

HARLES DEFFY. B. D. A. N. Duffy, Newbern, N. C. And also for more by leave Morgan & Allee, Description, Wolcosis have it. New York, And by Druggists and Merchants throughout the country AGENTS, Williams & Harvarde Pruggists, Basic, C., and Wm. H. Lominson; Charles, Johnston Co., K. O.